MARY ANDERSON FLAYS MILLION DOLLAR FIGHT FOR WORKING GIRL

WEALTHY WOMENIN

Bureau Chief Declares They Can't Understand Problems.

Universal Service. Miss Mary Anderson, direc-

tor of the Woman's Bureau of the Department of Labor, today denounced the "Million Dollar Battle" now being lought by the wealthiest women of the country over the poor but all unconcerned working girl.

Forceful, straightforwerd, the typical figure of success in a man's world, Miss Anderion nevertheless approunced her intention of allying hertelf with that faction accused of demanding special privilege through protective legislation for the woman wage-earner betause she is woman. Miss Anderson explained:

"Those rich women really know nothing about the working girl. Independence in theory is a very beautiful thing but different from independence in practice.

Women Not Welcome.

"We hope some day humanity nay become so ideal that no laws vill be needed to force protecion for its weaker members. At resent women workers are in the ninority; they cannot bargain, hey cannot hold their own, they annot help being exploited. They hat always belonged to men de pite the fact that they are not vorking for fun but for a living. 'And much as we all want iniquality removed, we cannot overpok the fact of physical inequalty. Women are potential mothers if the race. They must be pro-lected or the race will die."

All For Working Girl.

With an array of leaders on each menort and principally on Lone sland where many of the members both crowds are quartered in their ummer homes.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont and Mrs. h. H. Havemeyer are generalling for he one-time White House pickets, junger strikers, and otherwise milient-minded maids and matrons those activities long have been fewed with a cold eye by the other rganization. Mrs. Willard D. traight, Mrs. Joseph Blake. Mrs. Villiam K. Vanderbilt. sr., Mrs. J. torden Harriman and Mrs. Medill CCormick are directing operations

or the league.
The cause of it all, the poor work-

146 Candles for America's Bitthday Cake

-and old and young America hould prepare to celebrate the treat day safely and sanely by teeping cool and comfortable nwardly and outwardly. This neans plenty of pure, spartling American Ice-for the reakfast cantaloupe, for the all tea glasses for luncheon, or the big pitcher of lemonade or afternoon, for the dinner toffee and plenty to chill the TARGET BLOWS UP BEFORE lowing heart of the Southern vatermelon for dessert.

American deliverymen are loyat their fellow citizens—they will ake care of your needs before elebrating the holiday.

COMPANY

MARINES RE-ENACT PICKETT'S CHARGE



girl already mentioned, apparently hasn't found out about it yet. Anyway, she has failed to show inerest in the hubbub occasioned by the interest felt in her struggle for livelihood by the money queens. The battle lines may be moved to Washington in the fail, and in such case Miss Anderson will throw her years of experience and her own

Legislation Dangerous.

She continued

"The party members believe that Federal amendment to the consti-States is the best way to establish complete equality for women. But others know that such action would endanger not only protective legislation for women, but many other laws in their favor.

"If they did not succeed in putting the laws out they would bring ide whose names rear with family about endless litigation to determine and clank with wealth, the National what it all means, and the working Foman's Party and the League of women would suffer. Who would Vomen Voters are going through carry on litigation for wage earners, reliminary hostilities in this city, in anyway? They haven't the money to do it with!

Concerning women in industry generally, Miss Anderson said that records show the fallacy of the heory that the American home is being destroyed by faminine invasion of the business world. She went on "Nearly nine million women are

gainfully employed in this country Ten years ago the number was a little over eight million. A million increase in a decade gives no indica tion of neglected homes.

"However, it is true that women do not quit jobs as frequently as they once did in order to marry. After they have had their taste of economic independence, with the broadening, stabilizing influence of remunerative work, they think twice pefore they decide to give it up for some man.

"Nor are they leaving their job when they marry as often as they did. There are more married women workers in the country now than there have been for several years all put together. It is not that they de not care for their homes; I believe their wish to continue employment a sign of progress.

We have changed our mode of living, our quarters are smaller and demand less care. And the woman who works brings broadened ex periences, fresh viewpoints, and the glamor of independence into her home to keep her husband attracted and to combat the menace

AVIATORS GET A CHANCE

MINEOLA, N. Y., July 3.—The premature explosion of a "sure thing" in targets gave a crowd o early 6,100 persons, which assem bled to witness an aviation meet a

Mitchel Field an unexpected thrill. Managers of the meet, not wish ing to disappoint the spectators in the event that bombers failed to explode a "pill-box" arranged in the center of the field as a target, har run a concealed wire from one of the hangars to the "box." Then long before the bombing event was reached, some one accidentally threw the switch in the hangar, blowing

up the target. No one was injured THE WASHINGTON TERMINAL CO. ---WANTED---

SKILLED MECHANICS

Machinists-Boilermakers Blacksmiths—Pipefitters Car Repairmen—Car Inspectors and Helpers

ROOM 200---UNION STATION



Watching the modern Battle of Gettysburg on Saturday were (left to right) Governor Sproul, of Pennsylvania, Gen. John J. Pershing, Maj. Gen. John Lejeune, commandant of the Marine Corps; President Harding, and Governor E. L. Trinkle, of Virginia.

(Continued from First Page.) olta place, and Walter Moreland, nineteen, of 3042 P street, are booked as witnesses. Curran being held in iefaulgt of \$1,000 bond and Moreland having been freed on furnishing \$500. Fanning, Leonberger, and Auby Dove, twenty-one, of 1232 Thirty-third street, also are charged with illegal possession of drugs. An inquest into Burke's death will held at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the District morgue. Meanwhile, important testimony as to where the heroin alleged to have been brought to the drinking bout was purchased being secured by the narcotic uad. They expect to make startling revelations on the conclusion of their investigations.

Fanning and Leonberger are said to have left the party for a fresh supply of liquor and to have returned an hour later. Fanning with two half-pints of corn whiskey, and Leonberger with a quannot been disclosed.

Chemists of the Treasury Department have made an analysis of the liquor obtained by the police of the Seventh precinct, made the and may present testimony at the arrests, working with the narcotic inquest this afternoon. Prohibition squad and prohibition men.

'Wall Street Wolves" Have Made Nearly a **Billion Since War** By Cosmopolitan News Service.

NEW YORK, July 3 .- The 'wolves of Wall Street" have gouged the people of every State of the country out of \$750,00,000 since the war in stock promotion fraudulent schemes, District Attorney Joab H. Banton announced today in a report on prosecutions of swindling brokers and bucket

An avalanche of complaints from defrauded customers has been received in the last six months, he said. "They kept pace with the unprecedented "They kept number of failures in Wall he explained. The American Cotton Exchange. eight bucket shops and several brokerage firms have been convicted in the past few weeks in New York.

Despite the uncovering of the gigantic swindling operations in the past. Banton asserts that some of the most sensational cases will be put on trial in the near future.

shortly after imbibing the liquor, more serious aspects it falls propduiged in the alleged narcotic has latter could be made far more

heavy than the former.

Lieut. J. E. Pierson, W. F. Burke,
precinct detective, and J. E. Burke,

Duration of Summer Vacation Depends Entirely on Action of Upper Body.

By International News Service. Duration of the House vacation is uncertain notwithstanding the by sins of management. resolution providing for a recess until August 15. Republican Leader industry. Mondell stated today.

There is an agreement among House leaders that members are to tariff bill after it has passed the

House in session, Mondell said. should the Senate pass the tariff bill before August 15, the date set for termination of the House retity of white powder, described as heroin by the police. Burke and enforcement officers are interested on the tariff bill on August 15.

Fanning became extremely ill in the case, but feel that in its House leaders will not ask members are interested to the tariff bill on August 15. bers to return, but by agreement Curran, it is declared, says he saw erly to the members of the narcotic the two men "sniffing white powder up their noses." Whether the other members of the group insession of the liquor or drug, the action of business until the Senate

completes the tariff bill. Mondell will leave tomorrow for Wyoming to enter actively into his campaign for election to the United States Senate. He is opposed by Senator Kendick, the present Demitted about those wastes by agitaocratic incumbent

Pickett's famous charge of 1863 was re-enacted Saturday at Gettysburg, Pa., by United States Marines while President Harding

Havé Proved Operators More Wasteful and Inefficient Than Labor.

By WILLIAM HARD.

All is quiet on the Potomac. The members of the House of Represenwhat they think about ship subsidy

The members of the Supreme Court have gone vacation to recover strength combating whatever laws may be passed by Congress du"ing their absence. The Senner raveling out the tariff bill. The subsidy bill

and the bonus harm's way on a shelf. The President has gone to WILLIAM HARD. Marion. The Secretary of the Navy has done better. He has gone to Japan. The Government is insisting that the coal miners, who have been on a strike, shall come to terms with the coal operators. The Government mitted that they were intelligent is also insisting that the railroad shopmen shall give ear to the Railroad Labor Board. If the miners do not come to terms and if the shopmen do not give ear, the most severe thing to do to them will be to put them into prison. Then they will eat at public expense while striking The Government is speaking to them The United States Marine Corps is fighting a sham battle at

Engineers are emoing to the front and are showing that the mines and the railroads could pay satisfactory wages to all their employes organized in such a way as to put stop to their stupendous wastes. Engineers are proving that most of the wastes of industry are due to bad management and not to bad labor. The report of the Federated American Engineers' Societies has proved that in the building trades only one-fifth of the present inefficiency is caused by sins of labor and that two-thirds of it is caused proofs are getting offered in the coal industry and in the railroad

In the coal industry the loss oc casioned annually by irregularity of get back for prompt action on the operation and by other circum- prove it. Many wastes in mining President Harding will recall the conservative students at \$500,000,000 free to eliminate them by certain a year. On the railroads a similar sorts of joint effort. Engineers a year. On the railroads a similar loss is occasioned by such inefficiencies as the failure to make a Engineers of the National Asowners. tremely competent engineering testimony the managers of mines and of railroads stand today accused of

told about those wastes by agita- toward drastic recorders. Agitators today in Washing- our basic industries.

Arbuckle's Wife Has Again Left Him, It Is Said

LOS ANGELES, July 3 .- It is reported here that Roscoe ("Fatty") Arbuckle and his wife, Minta Durfo, have separated again and that Mrs. Arbuckle is on her way to New York. Details are withheld, but the rumor circulating through the film colony has engendered a feeling against the big comedian nearly equal in intensity to that which arose immediately after the tragic end came to his Labor Day party in the

uation may have an effect on Government below. his attempt to have the ban will address the Gettysburg campers against him lifted by Will Hays. There have been rumors that Mrs. Arbuckle was not pleased with the conduct of her husband since her return to him during the recent trial.

Arbuckle said his wife would return to him as soon as he is able to "stand on his own feet."

an engineering stage. Twenty ercises, years ago the railroad employes speak. and the coal mine employes migh have called their employers hardand efficient. Today they regard them as inefficient and stupid. They begin to think that they could run the railroads and run the mines better themselves.

It is thought that engineers to-

day will presently begin to make the waters of the Potomac river run faster. Mr. Hoover is taking a direct interest in the conference between the coal miners and the coal operators. It is believed that he has made extensive engineering into the coal industry. inquiries Being himself an engineer, it is thought that he will doubtless approach the coal problem from the ngineer's standpoint. He is better equipped than any other man in Washington to organize the next steps toward the solutions both of the coal problem and of the railroad problem. This moment is the collapse of oratorical laws and of oratorical orders as solutions of those problems. It is the moment the opportunity of engineers in general and of Mr. Hoover in par-

Mine managers and railroad manigers say that they cannot improve their operations without governmental permission to do various things stances not in any way controllable and in railroading could be elimiby labor has been estimated by hat labor has been estimated by the owners of mines and the owners of railroads were left maintain-in many cases-that the root of the whole matter is to dis complete joint use of freight cars cover safe and useful sorts of joint and a proper joint use of terminals, effort between owners, employee and government officers. Without sociation of Owners of Railroad Se-curities have visited Washington to accuse the managers of the rail-accuse the managers of the railroads of causing that loss to the they maintain that the present dis-By conservative and ex- contents and strikes will continue

The politicians on the banks of the Potomac are watching the wa ters flow by. They hope that they are flowing toward settlements of strikes. The engineers believe—in many cases—that they are flowing toward drastic reorganizations

To "Fight" Manassas Next Year-Will Repeat Pickett's

Americans of the present gener tion will be given an opportunity o see the famous battles of Amerian history re-enacted by the cream of the nation's fighting men, accord ing to plans of the United States narine corps. This year's graphic staging of the battle of Gettysburg, which will reach its climax tomorrow, is to be

he battle of Manassas, the largest civil war engagement in the im-mediate vicinity of Washington. Yesterday a representation of Pickett's charge was given for the penefit of President Harding and party. However today, July 3, is the real anniversary of the day

peated today and Tuesday.

Many more thousands of pare expected for tomorrow's tles." Tuesday is July 4, and the modern infantry assault the ma rines will aim at a supposed enemy on Cemetery Ridge in the morning will be the most brilliant Fourth July celebration imaginable.

made. The charges will be re-

To Be Yearly Event. Major General Lejeune says of the plan for "battles" in future years: We mean to do it again, and to repeat it as often as we can. Next year we plan to re-anact the battle of Manassas on the original battle

All the enthusiasm and energy of Brig. Gen. Smedley D. Butler, com nanding this brigade of marines in he field, is bent toward making the narine corps one of the nation's most potent promoters of "pride of vigorous, even narrow-minded, love of country. This plan to have the marines remind the nation each year of the struggles its forefathers made to keep it free and strong falls at once into line with his ideas.

Things to Remember. The country is growing so rapidly, and so much of its growth

comes from foreign countries, that coming generations, to say nothing of our own, will forget what sor of country we have here-forget to what pains and struggles we owe what we are and what we have. said General Butler. "They've got to remember those things. The na tion -cannot afford to have then forgotten. The immigrant has got to know what sorts of men thes

early Americans were: he has got to make them his model." When the time for the attack arrives, the infantry will climb out of their positions, not in a mass as Pickett's men, but by groups of twos and threes, worming their way forward, taking advantage of al artillery barrage, sweeping the way clear for them. Observation balloons will float in the air high over the lines, with men in their bas kets, watching enemy movements

Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania at 5 o'clock this afternoon. ing the governor's speech thera will be a regimental parade at 7 o'clock. At dusk tonight aerial warfare wil be waged over the historic battle field, when fourteen planes will but tle for supremacy of the "front." 9 c'clock in the morning the attack ing forces will shoot down an obser

vation balloon. The marines will break camp on have offices in which statistics Thursday morning and are expected regarding the inefficiencies of to reach Washington on their return American industries are continu- trip July 12. The troops will stop ously distributed. Agitation has at Frederick, Md., on Saturday to passed from an oratorical stage to participate in the Maryland Day exercises, when Governor Richie will

INCREASE IN AIR FUNDS BEING URGED IN FRANCE

PARIS, July 3 .- Pointing to the United States as an example, advocates of aerial preparedness in France are urging a large increase in the appropriation for naval air-

The United States, it is pointed out, has appropriated the equivaaviation, as against the equivalent of 160,000,000 for land aviation. The present French appropriation calls for 37,000,000 francs for naval aviation, against 214,000,000 francs for military air craft. Great Brit ain, according to the same sources has provided the equivalent of 250, 000 000 francs for naval, out of stotal of 600,000,000 for all aviation requirements.



Cigarette

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